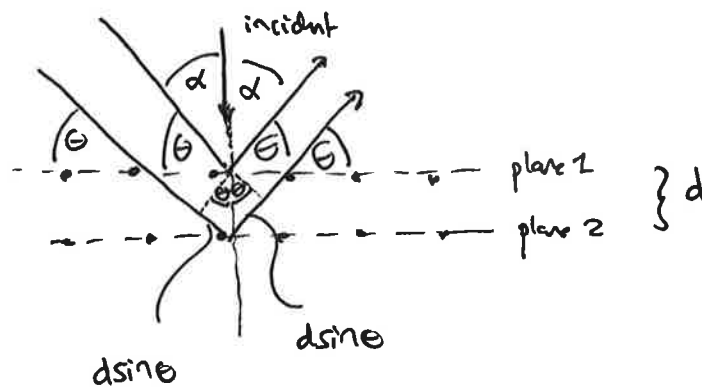


TL 5-11 (Bragg scattering of protons from Calcite)

a) If $\lambda_{\text{proton}} = 0.25 \text{ nm}$,

then $K = \frac{p^2}{2m} = \frac{h^2}{2m\lambda^2} = \boxed{13 \text{ meV}}$ or $2.1 \times 10^{-21} \text{ J}$

b) where is 1st order Bragg peak? Assume $d = 0.304 \text{ nm}$



The reflected beam from plane 1 & plane 2 will be in phase if $2d \sin \theta = n\lambda$

The 1st order peak occurs when $n=1$, so

$$\sin \theta_1 = \frac{\lambda}{2d}$$

$$\theta_1 = 24.3^\circ$$

or $\alpha_1 = 90 - \theta_1$

$$\boxed{\alpha_1 = 65.7^\circ}$$