

TL 7-27

- What is most probable location of electron in $n=2, l=1$ state?

- The radial probability $P(r)$ given by

$$P(r) dr = |R_{nl}(r)|^2 4\pi r^2 dr$$

$$R_{21}(r) = C r e^{-r/2a_0}$$

So $P(r) = C' r^2 e^{-r/a_0} r^2$, where $C' = 4\pi C$

- To find the maximum of $P(r)$, set derivative equal to zero.

$$\frac{dP(r)}{dr} = 0 = 4r^3 e^{-r/a_0} - \frac{r^4}{a_0} e^{-r/a_0}$$

$$4r^3 - \frac{r^4}{a_0} = 0$$

$$r^3 \left(4 - \frac{r}{a_0}\right) = 0 \quad \text{if } r = 0$$

or $r = 4a_0$